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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

COUNTER PRO Product name

Chemical name and synonym Cere e resine in soluzione

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Surface treatment

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STOM SECTOR	NE -	✓	-
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sh	eet		
Name	Tenax Spa		
Full address	Via I Maggio, 226		
District and Country	37020 Volargne		(VR)

+39 045 6887593

+39 045 6862456

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@tenax.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 800.883300 (24h) Centro Antiveleni (Bergamo)

Tel

Fax

0 800 314 7900 (Turkey) only, or +90 0312 433 70 01 Toxicology Department and

Poisons Centre

Italy

+98 21 6419306 / +98 21 6405569 **Poisons Information Centre (Tehran)**

+91 484 4008056 Poison Control Centre (South India)

(011) 642 2417 / (011) 488 3108 **Anti-Poison Centre (Johannesburg)**

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity, category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Contains: NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Kerosine - unspecified

NAPHTA, HEAVY

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

CAS 64742-48-9 50 ≤ x < 100 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412,

EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: H P

EC 927-241-2 INDEX 649-327-00-6 Reg. no. 01-2119471843-32

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 $5 \le x < 10$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1 Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29

Distillates (petroleum),hydrotreated light :Kerosine - unspecified CAS 64742-47-8 $5 \le x < 10$ Asp. Tox. 1 H304

EC 265-149-8 INDEX 649-422-00-2

NAPHTA, HEAVY

CAS 64741-65-7 3,5 ≤ x < 6 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC 265-067-2

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Reg. no. 01-2119472146-39

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

CAS $34590-94-8 \quad 1 \le x < 3,5$ Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC 252-104-2

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-21194460011-60-0000

METHANOL

CAS 67-56-1 $0 \le x < 0.05$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331,

STOT SE 1 H370

EC 200-659-6 INDEX 603-001-00-X

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point

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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>

13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 (Fassung 31.1.2018 ber.) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
NOR	Norge	Veiledning om Administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 7 czerwca 2017 r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de
		protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a
		agentes químicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
SVN	Slovenija	Uradni list Republike Slovenije 04.06.2015 (1602) - Pravilnik o spremembah in dopolnitvah
		Pravilnika o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
SWE	Sverige	Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18
TUR	Türkiye	KİMYASAL MADDELERLE ÇALIŞMALARDA SAĞLIK VE GÜVENLİK ÖNLEMLERİ HAKKINDA
		YÖNETMELİK - Resmi Gazete Tarihi: 12.08.2013 Resmi Gazete Sayısı: 28733
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2018

			NAPHTA	A (PETROL.) H	IYDROTREATED HEAVY
Threshold Limi	t Value				
Type Country TWA/8h STEL/15min				min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
TLV-ACGIH		1595			

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

			N-BUTY	L ACETATE				
/alue								
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin				
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
CZE	950		1200					
DEU	300	62	600	124				
ESP	724	150	965	200				
FRA	710	150	940	200				
GBR	724	150	966	200				
GRC	710	150	950	200				
NLD	150							
NOR		75						
POL	240		720					
SVN	480	100	480	100				
SWE	500	100	700	150				
		50		150				
	CZE DEU ESP FRA GBR GRC NLD NOR POL SVN	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 CZE 950 DEU 300 ESP 724 FRA 710 GBR 724 GRC 710 NLD 150 NOR POL 240 SVN 480	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm CZE 950 DEU 300 62 ESP 724 150 FRA 710 150 GBR 724 150 GRC 710 150 NLD 150 NOR 75 POL 240 SVN 480 100 SWE 500 100	Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15n mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 CZE 950 1200 DEU 300 62 600 ESP 724 150 965 FRA 710 150 940 GBR 724 150 966 GRC 710 150 950 NLD 150 NOR 75 POL 240 720 SVN 480 100 480 SWE 500 100 700	Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 950 1200 DEU 300 62 600 124 ESP 724 150 965 200 FRA 710 150 940 200 GBR 724 150 966 200 GRC 710 150 950 200 NLD 150 NOR 75 POL 240 720 SVN 480 100 480 100 SWE 500 100 700 150	Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 950 1200 DEU 300 62 600 124 ESP 724 150 965 200 FRA 710 150 940 200 GBR 724 150 966 200 GRC 710 150 950 200 NLD 150 NOR 75 POL 240 720 SVN 480 100 480 100 SWE 500 100 700 150	Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 950 1200 DEU 300 62 600 124 ESP 724 150 965 200 FRA 710 150 940 200 GBR 724 150 966 200 GRC 710 150 950 200 NLD 150 950 200 NOR 75 75 POL 240 720 SVN 480 100 480 100 SWE 500 100 700 150	Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 950 1200 DEU 300 62 600 124 ESP 724 150 965 200 FRA 710 150 940 200 GBR 724 150 966 200 GRC 710 150 950 200 NLD 150 950 200 NOR 75 75 POL 240 720 SVN 480 100 480 100 SWE 500 100 700 150

			DIPROPY	LENE GLYCO	L MONOM	ETHYL ETHER	
Threshold Limit	Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min		
	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN	
MAK	DEU	310	50	310	50		
TLV	DNK	300	50				
VLA	ESP	308	50			SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	308	50			SKIN	
WEL	GBR	308	50			SKIN	
TLV	GRC	600	100	900	150		
VLEP	ITA	308	50			SKIN	
TLV	NOR	300	50			SKIN	
NDS	POL	240		480			
VLE	PRT	308	50			SKIN	
MV	SVN	308	50			SKIN	
MAK	SWE	300	50	450	75	SKIN	
ESD	TUR	308	50			SKIN	
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		606	100	909	150	SKIN	

				MET	THANOL			
Threshold Limit	Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	250		1000		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN		
TLV	DNK	260	200					
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250			
VLEP	ITA	260	200			SKIN		
OEL	NLD	133	100			SKIN		
TLV	NOR	130	100			SKIN		
NDS	POL	100		300				
VLE	PRT	260	200			SKIN		
MV	SVN	260	200			SKIN		
MAK	SWE	250	200	350	250	SKIN		
OEL	EU	260	200			SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250			

Legend:

 $(C) = CEILING \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} INHAL = Inhalable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} RESP = Respirable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} THORA = Thoracic \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction.$

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

°C

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liauid Colour transparent Odour aromatic Odour threshold Not available рΗ Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available Flash point 23 ≤ T ≤ 60 **Evaporation Rate** Not available

Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Not available Vapour density Relative density 1,10

Solubility SOLUBLE IN AROMATIC

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Not available
Explosive properties
Not available
Oxidising properties
Not available
Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 85,52 % - 940,70 g/litre VOC (volatile carbon): 49,04 % - 539,45 g/litre

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react with: oxidising substances. When heated to decomposition releases: harsh fumes, zinc alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information/>>

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

> 6400 mg/kg Rat > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

EC50 - for Crustacea > 44 mg/l/48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

METHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,0043

METHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,77 BCF 0,2

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 BCF 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE)
IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE)
IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE)

EPY 9.8.3 - SDS 1004.11

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SECTION 14. Transport information

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:

Class: 3

Label: 3

IMDG:

Class: 3

Label: 3

IATA:

Class: 3

Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:

HIN - Kemler: 30

Special Provision: -

IMDG:

EMS: F-E, S-E

IATA:

Cargo: Pass.:

Special Instructions:

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 69 **METHANOL**

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3

STOT SE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. **H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 15.
Changed TLVs in section 8.1 for following countries:

DEU,