Tenax		Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018
NEROPLU	Page n. 1 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)	
	Safety Data Sheet	
Acc	ording to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830)
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture and of the company	/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	NEROPLUS NERO	
Chemical name and synonym	Resins and waxes in solution	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m	ixture and uses advised against	
Intended use	Brightener for natural stones.	
Identified Uses	Industrial Professional	Consumer
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE SECTOR	-	-
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name	Tenax Spa	
Name Full address	Via I Maggio, 226	
Name		(VR)
Name Full address	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593	(VR)
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy	(VR)
Name Full address District and Country	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593	(VR)
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456	(VR)
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456	eni (Bergamo)
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet 1.4. Emergency telephone number	Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456 msds@tenax.it 800.883300 (24h) Centro Antivele 0 800 314 7900 (Turkey) only, or +90 0312 433 Poisons Centre	eni (Bergamo) 70 01 Toxicology Department and Information Centre (Tehran)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
category 3		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 2 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statemer	nts:
P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
Contains:	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
Contains.	2-BUTOXYETHANOL 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL
	N-BUTYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:			
Identification	x =	= Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
2-BUTOXYET	HANOL		
CAS	111-76-2	20 ≤ x < 30	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC	203-905-0		
INDEX	603-014-00-	-0	
Reg. no.	01-2119475	108-36	
Hydrocarbon	s, C9-C11, n-a	alkanes, isoalkane	s, cyclics, <2% aromatics
CAS	64742-48-9	10 ≤ x < 20	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: H P
EC INDEX	919-857-5		
Reg. no.	01-2119463	258-33-0000	
1-METHOXY-	2-PROPANOL	-	
CAS	107-98-2	10 ≤ x < 20	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	203-539-1		
INDEX	603-064-00-	.3	
Reg. no.	01-2119457	435-35-0000	
N-BUTYL AC	ETATE		
CAS	123-86-4	1 ≤ x < 3,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	204-658-1		
INDEX	607-025-00-	-1	
Reg. no.	01-2119485	493-29	
DIPROPYLEN	NE GLYCOL N	IONOMETHYL ETH	IER
CAS	34590-94-8	0,35 ≤ x < 0,4	Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.
EC	252-104-2		
INDEX			
Reg. no.	01-2119446	0011-60-0000	
Dioctyltindila	ruate		
CAS	3648-18-8	0,2 ≤ x < 0,25	Repr. 2 H361d, STOT RE 1 H372, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	222-883-3		
INDEX			

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 3 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>

METHANOL

 CAS
 67-56-1 $0,1 \le x < 0,15$

 EC
 200-659-6

 INDEX
 603-001-00-X

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT SE 1 H370

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 4/14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures/>

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 (Fassung 31.1.2018 ber.) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
NOR	Norge	Veiledning om Administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 7 czerwca 2017 r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de
		protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a
		agentes químicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
SVN	Slovenija	Uradni list Republike Slovenije 04.06.2015 (1602) - Pravilnik o spremembah in dopolnitvah
		Pravilnika o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
SWE	Sverige	Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18
TUR	Türkiye	KİMYASAL MADDELERLE ÇALIŞMALARDA SAĞLIK VE GÜVENLİK ÖNLEMLERİ HAKKINDA
		YÖNETMELİK - Resmi Gazete Tarihi: 12.08.2013 Resmi Gazete Sayısı: 28733
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2018

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 5 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				2-BUTO)	(YETHANO	L		
Threshold Limit V	/alue							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	100		200		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	49	10	196	40	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	49	10	98	20	SKIN		
TLV	DNK	98	20			SKIN		
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	120	25					
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
OEL	NLD	100		246		SKIN		
TLV	NOR	50	10			SKIN		
NDS	POL	98		200				
VLE	PRT	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
MV	SVN	98	20	245	50	SKIN		
MAK	SWE	50	10	100	20	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		97	20					

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

		Hydrocar	DUIIS, C3-	o i i, ii-aikailes,	, isuaikaries, c	yunus, ~2 /0 d	alomatics		
Threshold Limit Va	lue								
Туре	Country	y TWA/8h		STEL/15min					
	-	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		1200	197						
lealth - Derived no	-effect lev	el - DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of exposur	e Acu	te Acı	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	temic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					125				871
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation					900				871
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin		125	,		125				
					mg/kg bw/d				
					-				

				1-METHOX	<u>Y-2-PROPA</u>	NOL		
Threshold Limit	Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200			
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200			
TLV	DNK	185	50					
VLA	ESP	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	10	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300			
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
OEL	NLD	375		563		SKIN		
TLV	NOR	180	50			SKIN		
NDS	POL	180		360				
VLE	PRT	375	100	568	150			
MV	SVN	375	100	562,5	150	SKIN		
MAK	SWE	190	50	300	75	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100			

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 6 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE		
hreshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	950		1200			
AGW	DEU	300	62	600	124		
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200		
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200		
OEL	NLD	150					
TLV	NOR		75				
NDS	POL	240		720			
MV	SVN	480	100	480	100		
MAK	SWE	500	100	700	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		

					IETHYL ETHER	
alue						
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min		
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
CZE	270		550		SKIN	
DEU	310	50	310	50		
DNK	300	50				
ESP	308	50			SKIN	
FRA	308	50			SKIN	
GBR	308	50			SKIN	
GRC	600	100	900	150		
ITA	308	50			SKIN	
NOR	300	50			SKIN	
POL	240		480			
PRT	308	50			SKIN	
SVN	308	50			SKIN	
SWE	300	50	450	75	SKIN	
TUR	308	50			SKIN	
EU	308	50			SKIN	
	606	100	909	150	SKIN	
	Country CZE DEU DNK ESP FRA GBR GRC ITA NOR POL PRT SVN SWE TUR	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 CZE 270 DEU 310 DNK 300 ESP 308 FRA 308 GBR 308 GRC 600 ITA 308 NOR 300 POL 240 PRT 308 SVN 308 SWE 300 TUR 308	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm CZE 270 DEU 310 50 DNK 300 50 ESP 308 50 FRA 308 50 GBR 308 50 GRC 600 100 ITA 308 50 POL 240	Country TWA/8h STEL/15 mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 CZE 270 550 DEU 310 50 310 DNK 300 50 50 ESP 308 50 50 GBR 308 50 50 GRC 600 100 900 ITA 308 50 50 POL 240 480 480 PRT 308 50 50 SWE 300 50 450 TUR 308 50 50	Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 270 550 DEU 310 50 310 50 DEU 310 50 310 50 DNK 300 50	Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm CZE 270 550 SKIN DEU 310 50 310 50 DNK 300 50 SKIN ESP 308 50 SKIN GBR 308 50 SKIN GRC 600 100 900 150 ITA 308 50 SKIN POL 240 480 SKIN PRT 308 50 SKIN SVN 308 50 SKIN SWE 300 50 SKIN SWE 300 50 SKIN SWE 308 50 SKIN SWE 308 50 SKIN SWE 308 50 SKIN SWE 308 50 SKIN SU 308 50 SKIN

				MET	FHANOL			
Threshold Limit	Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	250		1000		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN		
TLV	DNK	260	200					
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250			
VLEP	ITA	260	200			SKIN		
OEL	NLD	133	100			SKIN		
TLV	NOR	130	100			SKIN		
NDS	POL	100		300				
VLE	PRT	260	200			SKIN		
MV	SVN	260	200			SKIN		
MAK	SWE	250	200	350	250	SKIN		
OEL	EU	260	200			SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 7 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection __.../>

well aired through effective local aspiration. When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

9

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	liquid
Colour	black
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,92
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available
0.2. Other information	
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	56,61 % - 520,84 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	38,06 % - 350,18 g/litre

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 8 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER May react with: oxidising substances.When heated to decomposition releases: harsh fumes,zinc alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Avoid exposure to: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE Avoid exposure to: moisture,sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 9 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

N-BUTYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:	1988,84 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalka	anes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
LD50 (Oral)	> 5000 mg/kg rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 5000 mg/kg rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 4951 mg/l/4h rat

615 mg/kg Rat

405 mg/kg Rabbit 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

5300 mg/kg Rat 13000 mg/kg Rabbit

54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

> 6400 mg/kg Rat

> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 10 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

2-BUTOXYETHANOL LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.

12.1. Toxicity

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics</td>LC50 - for Fish> 1000 mg/l/96hEC50 - for Crustacea1000 mg/l/48h DaEC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants> 1000 mg/l/72h

N-BUTYL ACETATE EC50 - for Crustacea 1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna > 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitalina

> 1000 mg/l/96h Oncorhyncus mykiss

> 44 mg/l/48h

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 11 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 12. Ecological information/>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
METHANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
2-BUTOXYETHANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
N-BUTYL ACETATE Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,0043
METHANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-0,77 0,2
2-BUTOXYETHANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,81
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	< 1
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,3 15,3
12.4. Mobility in soil	

N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 12 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics;
IMDG:	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics;
IMDO.	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL)
IATA:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics; 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special Instructions:	A3	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

eveso Category	- Directive 2012/18/	EC:	P5c	
	ng to the product or o	contained substances	pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006	
Product				
Point	3 - 40			
Contained subst	ance			
Contained Subst				

@EPY 9.8.3 - SDS 1004.11

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 13/14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)
None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Acute Tox. 3 STOT SE 1 Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 1	Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1 Acute toxicity, category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 Applications has a category 1
Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2	Aspiration hazard, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods

Revision nr.13 Dated 15/11/2018 Printed on 20/11/2018 Page n. 14 / 14 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 30/05/2017)

SECTION 16. Other information

- IMO: International Maritime Organization- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 15. Changed TLVs in section 8.1 for following countries: TLV-ACGIH,